

US Social Movements

Economic & Historical Context	<p>1929 – Stock Market Crash 1929-1940 – Great Depression Eugenics movement grows in the US</p>	<p>1940 – US enters WWII 1944 – Bretton Woods (IMF, World Bank) created 1944 – Mechanical cotton picker Introduced 1945 – WWII ends</p>
Policies	<p>1920 – 19th amendment: Women’s right to vote 1923 – Equal Rights Amendment introduced to Congress 1927 – <i>Buck v. Bell</i> legitimizes forced sterilization (never overturned) 1935 – Social Security Act 1937 – GA Law 414: Compulsory sterilization of people with DD 1938 – Fair Labor Standards Act: Minimum Wage and 40 hour work (certain groups are exempted, including people with disabilities, prisoners, and restaurant workers)</p>	<p>1941-1945 – Japanese American citizens placed in internment camps 1942 – Brancero Program 1943 – Vocational Rehabilitation Act expanded to include services to people with DD and mental illness 1947 – Taft-Hartley Act 1948 – 1st General Agreement on Tariffs and Trades 1948 – UN adopts Universal Declaration of Human Rights</p>
	1920’s – 1930’s	1940’s
Social Movements	Labor Movement	
	<p>1925 – Pullman strike 1930 – National Unemployed Council formed 1931 – Sharecroppers Union forms in AL 1934 – Southern Textile Strike 1935 – NYC Group League for the Physically Handicapped protests against WPA: 2000 jobs won 1935 – Congress of Industrial Organizations (CIO)</p>	<p>1942 – CORE (Congress on Racial Equality) founded 1946 – Operation Dixie</p>

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Economic & Historical Context	<p>1950-1953 – Korean War 1958-1959 – Silicon computer chip invented 1951 – GA State Asylum (Milledgeville) is largest asylum in the world with 12,000 patients</p>	<p>1965 – Vietnam war begins</p>
Policies	<p>1950 – Amendments to Social Security Act included “Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled” 1954 – <i>Brown v. Board of Education</i> 1956 – SSDI created</p>	<p>1963 – Food Stamp Act 1963 – Mental Retardation Facilities and Community Mental Health Centers Construction Act (precursor to DD Act) 1964 – Civil Rights Act bans discrimination based on race, color, religion, national origin, and sex 1965 – Voting Rights Act 1965 – Social Security amendments create Medicaid and Medicare 1967 – COINTELPRO established (Counter Intelligence Programs) 1968 – Legislation in GA expands “training centers” for people with disabilities</p>
	1950's	1960's
Social Movements	<p style="text-align: center;">Labor Movement</p> <p>1950 – McCarthyism begins, Red Scare 1950 – Organization that will become the Arc is formed 1954 – Puerto Rico Independence Movement 1955 – Montgomery Bus Boycott 1957 – Monroe, NC – NAACP advocates armed self defense 1957 – Little Rock integration battle</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Civil Rights Movements</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Women's Movement</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Anti-War Movement</p> <p style="text-align: center;">LBGT Movement</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Environmental Movement</p> <p>1960 – Sit-ins begin in the South 1963 – March on Washington for Jobs and Freedom 1965 – United Farm Workers (AFL-CIO) lead national grape boycott 1966 – Black Panther Party founded 1966 – Compton's Cafeteria Riot 1967 – Youth NARC forms, and in 1969, has 70,000 volunteers with and without disabilities 1967 – National Welfare Rights Organization founded 1968 – American Indian Movement founded 1969 – “The Rolling Quads,” led by Ed Roberts, forms at UC-Berkeley 1969 – Stonewall Rebellion</p>

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Economic & Historical Context	<p>1970 – Computer chip in production for wide use</p> <p>1971 – Nixon launches the War on Drugs</p> <p>1973 – Vietnam War ends</p> <p>By the 1970's, over 65,000 people have been forcibly sterilized under eugenics legislation in the US</p>	
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Policies	<p>1970 – DD Act passes</p> <p>1970 – Urban Mass Transit Act (implementation blocked by industry for 20 years)</p> <p>1972 – Disability services publicly funded statewide in GA</p> <p>1972 – ERA passes Congress, but is not ratified by enough states</p> <p>1973 – Rehabilitation Act</p> <p>1973 – <i>Roe v. Wade</i></p> <p>1975 – Education for All Handicapped Children Act</p>	
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1970's

Social Movements	<p>Civil Rights Movements</p> <p>Women's Movement</p> <p>Anti-War Movement</p> <p>LGBT Movement</p> <p>Environmental Movement</p> <p>Disability Rights Movement</p>	<p>1970 – Physically Disabled Students Program at UC-Berkeley is first student-led disabilities program in country</p> <p>1970 – Greenpeace founded</p> <p>1970 – First Earth Day</p> <p>1970 – Puerto Rican organization calls for US Navy out of Vieques</p> <p>1971 – Attica Prison uprising</p> <p>1971 – First issue of Ms. Magazine published</p> <p>1972 – First Center for Independent Living founded in Berkeley, CA</p> <p>1972 – Nixon vetoes rehabilitation bill and disability rights activists stage sit-ins</p> <p>1973 – People First movement born in Canada</p> <p>1974 – Disabled Women's Coalition forms (UC-Berkeley)</p> <p>1974 – TASH forms</p> <p>1974 – 424 large strikes (1000+ workers)</p> <p>1977 – Protests in 10 cities over implementation and enforcement of Sec. 504</p> <p>1978 – ADAPT founded by Wade Blank</p>
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Economic & Historical Context	<p>1985 – GA is 7th in nation for funding DD/ID services</p> <p>1988-1991 – 140 people with DD/ID in state institutions across the US</p>	
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Policies	<p>1981-1982 – Structural Adjustment Programs introduced</p> <p>1980 – Civil Rights of Institutionalized Persons Act (CRIPA) signed into law</p> <p>1981 – Home and community-based waivers established</p> <p>1982 – Katie Beckett/Deeming Waiver</p> <p>1984 – Voting Accessibility for Elderly and Handicapped Act (applies to federal elections only)</p> <p>1988 – Disability included as a protected class in the Fair Housing Act</p>	<p>1988 – Congress apologizes to interned Japanese Americans</p> <p>1989 – Savings & Loan Bailout</p>
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1980's

Social Movements	<p>1980 – National Council on Independent Living founded</p> <p>1983 – ADAPT has action at American Public Transit Association Convention</p> <p>1987 – Concrete Change founded by Eleanor Smith in Atlanta (Visitability movement)</p> <p>1987 – ACT-UP forms</p> <p>1988 – Deaf President Now student protests at Gallaudet University</p> <p>1988 – ADAPT protests inaccessible Greyhound Buses</p> <p>1989 – Up & Out of Poverty Now! Summit</p> <p>1989 – Kimberle Crenshaw coins 'Intersectionality'</p>	<p>Women's Movement</p> <p>LGBT Movement</p> <p>Disability Rights Movement</p> <p>Racial Justice Movement</p> <p>Reproductive Justice Movement</p>
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US Social Movements

Economic & Historical Context	<p>1990-1991 – Gulf War</p> <p>1995 – World Trade Organization Created</p> <p>1997 – 1 billion people are un- or underemployed globally</p> <p>1997 – Federal government begins to cut funding slated for DD/ID services</p>	<p>1998 – Worldwide there are 465 billionaires; 3 billion people live on less than \$2/day</p> <p>GA falls to 48th in the nation to fund DD/ID services</p>
Policies	<p>1990 – ADA signed into law</p> <p>1990 – Department of Transportation issues regulations requiring new buses be accessible</p> <p>1993 – The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) passes</p> <p>1993 – GA House Bill 100 passes, creating Regional Boards that consist of a majority of people with disabilities and family members</p> <p>1994 – NAFTA</p> <p>1996 – Welfare Reform/TANF</p>	<p>1997 – TN is first southern state to begin shutting down all state DD institutions. GA closes Brook Run – the first GA state institution to close</p> <p>1998 – GA Constitution amended to restrict the right to vote for people who are adjudicated mentally incompetent</p> <p>1999 – US Supreme Court issues Olmstead decision</p>

1990's

Social Movements	Disability Rights Movement	
	Racial Justice Movement	
	Reproductive Justice Movement	
	Environmental Justice Movement	
	<p>1990 – ADAPT's "Wheels of Justice" action in Washington, DC, demanding passage of the ADA. Focus begins to shift from public transit to attendant services and ending institutionalization</p> <p>1991 – The Association of Retarded Citizens changes its name to The Arc</p> <p>1991 – People First files class action lawsuit in TN against the Arlington Developmental Center</p> <p>1992 – Universal Health Care Movement Grows</p> <p>1993 – The Intersex Society of North America founded</p> <p>1994 – Zapatista Rebellion</p> <p>1994 – US Department of Justice follows People First's lead in TN, takes suit to trial under CRIPA, and wins</p>	Global Movements
<p>1994 – Framework of Reproductive Justice first articulated</p> <p>1995 – People First files second class action lawsuit under CRIPA in TN against Temple Bottom Developmental Center. Settlement reached in 1996</p> <p>1996 – Not Dead Yet forms</p> <p>1997 – UPS Workers strike</p> <p>1997 – National Youth Leadership Network founded</p> <p>1998 – Puerto Rican general strike against privatization</p> <p>1998 – Economic Human Rights Campaign</p> <p>1998 – Latin & Asian communities organize against INS raids</p> <p>1999 – Demonstrations shut down Seattle WTO meeting</p>		

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Economic & Historical Context	<p>2001 – 9/11 & War on Terror</p> <p>2001 – War in Afghanistan begins</p> <p>2001 – GA trails every state in total number of people receiving DD services and leads every state in number of people with DD/ID in nursing homes by 4 times the national average</p> <p>2003 – War in Iraq begins</p> <p>2005 – Hurricane Katrina</p> <p>2008 – Bank Bailout</p> <p>2008 – 1 in 31 adults in the US in prison or under supervision of corrections system</p> <p>2008 – Obama elected</p>	<p>2009 – The Tea Party is formed</p> <p>2010 – 70,792 juveniles incarcerated in the US</p> <p>2011 – 55,075 adults in GA prisons, and 163,706 Georgians on probation</p> <p>2013 – George Zimmerman is acquitted in the shooting death of unarmed black teenager, Trayvon Martin</p> <p>2013 – Warren Hill is scheduled for execution in GA. As of publication, he is under a temporary stay of execution</p> <p>US makes up 5% of the world’s population and 25% of the world’s prison population</p>
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Policies	<p>2001 – The Patriot Act passed</p> <p>2002 – US Supreme Court declares the execution of people with ID unconstitutional</p> <p>2002-2003 – Men over the age of 16 from 25 countries (most with high Muslim populations) are required to register with Dept. of Homeland Security as part of the Patriot Act</p>	<p>2010 – Arizona HB 1070 is signed into law</p> <p>2011 – Georgia HB 87 is signed into law</p> <p>2013 – The Supreme Court overturns the federal Defense of Marriage Act</p> <p>2013 – The Supreme Court overturns section 4b of the Voting Rights Act</p> <p>2013 – State of NC to become first to compensate victims of involuntary sterilization</p>
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2000’s – Present

Social Movements	<p><i>Intersectional Movements</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disability Justice Movement Racial Justice Movement Reproductive Justice Movement Environmental Justice Movement Global Movements LGBTQ Movements 	<p>2001 – First World Social Forum</p> <p>2003 – Protest in Miami of FTAA</p> <p>2003 – WTO protests in Cancun</p> <p>2006 – Mass immigrant marches are organized around US in response to HR4437, which links anti-immigration policy to anti-terrorism policy</p> <p>2006 – Autistic Self Advocacy Network forms</p> <p>2007 – First US Social Forum held in Atlanta, GA. 15,000 people attend and represent social justice movements from around the US and the world</p> <p>2009 – GCDD launches its Real Communities Initiative</p>	<p>2010 – Second US Social Forum held in Detroit, MI; 20,000 in attendance.</p> <p>2010 – Arab Uprisings begin</p> <p>2011 – Occupy Movement begins</p> <p>2011 – Wisconsin protests</p> <p>2011 – European Mobilizations begin</p> <p>ADAPT advocates for passage of the Community Choice Act, Money Follows the Person, and home access</p>
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